

## INFORM AND ALERT THE POPULATION

### OBJECTIVE

To guarantee safety of people, infrastructures, buildings and economic activities.

### DESCRIPTION

During an emergency event, information must be constantly provided on the following aspects: the phenomenon expected or in progress, on the behaviours and specific self-defence measures to be adopted, on the evolution of the event and rescue operations, on the contact numbers and useful references, on what to do after the event (for example in case of evacuation). In this case, the information can traditionally be provided via speakers installed on cars and/or sirens or via Web (dedicated site and/or social network) and/or text messages.

### EXPECTED RESULTS

People are aware about what to do during and after an emergency.

### RESULT INDICATORS

Number of people reached.

### INVOLVED ACTORS

Civil protection, local government, citizen.

### EXPECTED TIMELINE FOR ACTION

- Short term (1-4 years)

### BEST PRACTICES

- Veneto Region - Italy
- US
- Autonomous Province of Bolzano - Italy
- France
- France

### CRITICALITIES

Channels used might not be suitable for all citizens, the information might not reach all citizens.

### SCOPE OF THE ACTION

- Adaptation

## TYPE OF PROPOSED ACTIONS

- Soft

## SECTOR OF ACTION

- Agriculture / Forests / Land use
- Aquaculture / Fishing
- Biodiversity / Conservation of ecosystems
- Coastal management
- Energy
- Industry
- Public health
- Tourism and leisure
- Transport and infrastructure
- Urban settlement
- Waste management
- Water resource management

## CLIMATE IMPACTS

- Change or loss of biodiversity
- Coastal erosion
- Drought
- Extreme precipitation
- Extreme temperatures
- Fires
- Floods
- Salinization and acidification of water
- Strong winds

## IMPLEMENTATION SCALE

- Municipality
- Province
- Region / Country

## SOURCE

<https://www.venetoadapt.it/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/Del%20A2%20-%20VenetoADAPT%20Adaptation%20State%20of%20the%20art%20assessment.pdf>